



# Location, Location

## Why did and why do people choose to live in East Leake?

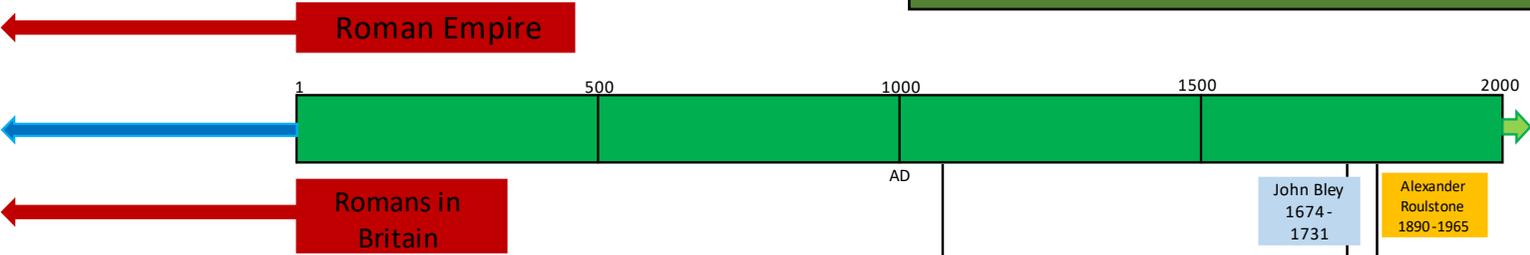
General Knowledge

East Leake is a large village in the Rushcliffe district of Nottinghamshire, England. Locals believe the village was founded by the Angles at some time in the 6<sup>th</sup> century. However, it is believed that it has been inhabited since the Bronze Age. It is a growing village that now includes many amenities such as three schools, pubs and a leisure centre.

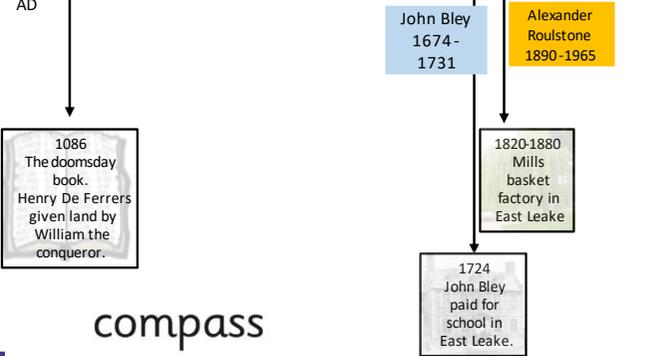
- Advantages of life in East Leake in 2023**
- Semi - rural
  - Well connected - M1, East Midlands Airport)
  - Good schools
  - Meadow Park (green space)

- Disadvantages of life in East Leake in 2023**
- Rapid expansion of housing
  - Sewage overflow
  - Lack of amenities (for increased population)
  - Loss of habitats
  - Traffic Pollution/Safety

World History



British History



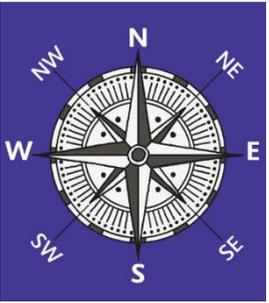
East Leake > Nottinghamshire > East Midlands > England > Europe

**Where is East Leake located?**

grid reference



compass



**How can we get where we need to go from East Leake?**

Located in the centre of England, East Leake has excellent transport links.

**Local - cars and lorries.** East Leake is close to major roads and 5 miles from the M1.

**Local - buses.** There are a number of bus stops in East Leake. The number 1 bus route is popular with commuters because it is the route between Loughborough and Nottingham.

**National - trains.** Loughborough Railway station is only 4 miles away from East Leake and Nottingham Railway station is only 10 miles away. This means you can travel to other areas of the country e.g. London, Manchester, Birmingham.

**International - airplanes.** East Midlands airport is only 9 miles from East Leake.

## Chronology, History and Topic Vocabulary

<b>AD</b>		Stands for Anno Domini and is a medieval Latin phrase that means, 'In the year of our Lord'. AD is used for dates after the point Christians believe Jesus was born.
<b>Chronology</b>		The 'study of time', looking at when events happened and in what order.
<b>Decade</b>	10	A period of 10 years.
<b>Century</b>	100	A period of 100 years.
<b>Primary source</b>		An original first-hand account of an event, topic, or historical period in time. They are produced by a person who has experienced the event.
<b>Secondary source</b>		A second-hand account of an event. They are written using primary sources.
<b>Similarity</b>		Things that are, or nearly are, the same.
<b>Difference</b>		Things that are not the same.
<b>Cause</b>		The reason something happens.
<b>Consequence</b>		A result of an action/thing.
<b>Agriculture</b>		Farming the land by planting crops and/or raising livestock and distributing them to markets so people can use and eat them.
<b>Cottager</b>		A person living in a cottage.
<b>Distiller</b>		A person or company that makes alcohol.
<b>Domesday book</b>		A survey designed to record everything that people owned in England to decide how much tax needed to be paid to William the Conqueror.
<b>Husbandman</b>		A farmer. Someone who uses land for agriculture.
<b>Industrial revolution</b>		A period when we moved from producing things by hand to using machines. Society became modern with the introduction of technology.
<b>Industrialised</b>		A place that has many businesses and factories involved in producing goods.
<b>Parishes</b>		The smallest tier of government in England. They manage local amenities such as village halls, footpaths, parks and cemeteries.
<b>Rural</b>		The countryside.
<b>Schoolmaster</b>		A male teacher in a school.
<b>Will</b>		A legal document that expresses a person's wishes after their death, such as who they want their money to go to.

## Important People

**Henry de Ferrers** - Very little is known about the De Ferrers family. De Ferrers is one of the earliest names we have of someone living in East Leake. He may have arrived with William the Conqueror around 1066 and the Battle of Hastings.

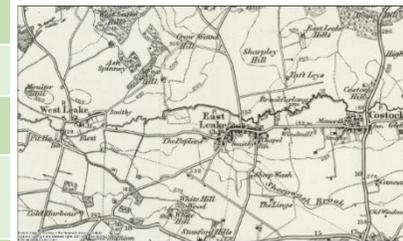
**John Bley** - Had a large house built for him after he became very wealthy as a distiller. He built a school for the village that lasted 150 years until it became a Board school under the 1870 Education Act.



**The Mills family** - A very famous basket weaving family from the 19<sup>th</sup> century. They produced baskets for cutlery trays that were used at the Savoy Hotel in London and eel traps, which were modified during WW1 to serve as shell cases, chairs and tables.



**Captain Alexander Roulstone** - Was a British WW1 flying ace credited with eight aerial victories. He settled in East Leake and he became the company secretary and director of the Marbleaegis mine.



### The Domesday Book

The Domesday Book is the record of the great survey of much of England, and parts of Wales, completed in 1086, done for William I of England, or William the Conqueror. The Domesday Book was a record of every farm, village and house so that he knew how much rent he should get.

### 19<sup>th</sup> Century - Industrial Revolution

The Industrial Revolution was a period of tremendous change in Britain, which lasted from around 1750 until around 1900. In this period of 150 years, almost every aspect of life in Britain changed. It was the birth of the modern world and Britain changed from a rural country with small industries to a highly industrialised and wealthy nation.

